



U.S. Department of Justice

United States Attorney District of Maryland

Special Assistant United States Attorney Jonathan. Tsuei@usdoj.gov

36 S. Charles Street Suite 400 Baltimore, MD 21201-3119 DIRECT: 410-209-4960 MAIN: 410-209-4800 FAX: 410-962-3124

March 3, 2023

Julie M. Reamy, Esquire Attorney at Law, LLC 210 Allegheny Avenue, Suite 100 Towson, Maryland 21204 Ofc: (410) 605-0000

Fax: (410) 697-4006 iuliereamy@gmail.com

> United States v. Jamal McDonald Re: Criminal No. RDB-22-0307

Dear Counsel:

This letter, together with the Sealed Supplement, confirms the plea agreement which has been offered to your client, Jamal McDonald ("the Defendant") by the United States Attorney's Office for the District of Maryland ("this Office"). If this offer is not accepted by March 10, 2023, it will be deemed withdrawn. If the Defendant accepts this offer, please have him execute it in the spaces provided below. The terms of the agreement are as follows:

Offense of Conviction

The Defendant agrees to plead guilty to Counts One and Three of the Indictment, which charges the Defendant with False Statements in Connection with Acquisition of a Firearm, in violation of 18 U.S.C. § 922(a)(6), and Interstate Transportation of a Stolen Motor Vehicle, in violation of 18 U.S.C. § 2312. The Defendant admits that he is, in fact, guilty of those offenses and will so advise the Court.

Elements of the Offense(s)

The elements of the offenses to which the Defendant has agreed to plead guilty, and which this Office would prove if the case went to trial, are as follows:

Count One:

That on or about the time alleged in the Indictment, in the District of Maryland:

- a. The Defendant knowingly made a false oral or written statement, or furnished or exhibited any false, fictitious, or misrepresented identification, to a federally licensed firearms dealer;
- b. The false statement or misrepresented identification was made in connection with the acquisition or attempted acquisition of a firearm; and
- c. The statement was intended or likely to deceive such firearms dealer with respect to a fact material to the lawfulness of the sale of the firearm to the Defendant.

Count Three:

That on or about the time alleged in the Indictment, in the District of Maryland:

- a. The Defendant unlawfully transported or caused to be transported a motor vehicle in interstate or foreign commerce;
- b. The motor vehicle was a stolen motor vehicle; and
- c. The Defendant knew the motor vehicle was stolen.

Penalties

3. The maximum penalties provided by statute for the offenses to which the Defendant is pleading guilty are as follows:

Count	Statute	Minimum Prison	Maximum Prison	Supervised Release	Maximum Fine	Special Assessment
1	18 U.S.C. § 922(a)(6)	N/A	10 years	3 years	\$250,000	\$100
3	18 U.S.C. § 2312	N/A	10 years	3 years	\$250,000	\$100

- a. Prison: If the Court orders a term of imprisonment, the Bureau of Prisons has sole discretion to designate the institution at which it will be served.
- b. Supervised Release: If the Court orders a term of supervised release, and the Defendant violates the conditions of supervised release, the Court may order the Defendant returned to custody to serve a term of imprisonment as permitted by statute, followed by an additional term of supervised release.
- c. Restitution: The Court may order the Defendant to pay restitution pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §§ 3663, 3663A, and 3664.

- d. Payment: If a fine or restitution is imposed, it shall be payable immediately, unless the Court orders otherwise under 18 U.S.C. § 3572(d). The Defendant may be required to pay interest if the fine is not paid when due.
- e. Forfeiture: The Court may enter an order of forfeiture of assets directly traceable to the offense, substitute assets, and/or a money judgment equal to the value of the property subject to forfeiture.
- f. Collection of Debts: If the Court imposes a fine or restitution, this Office's Financial Litigation Unit will be responsible for collecting the debt. If the Court establishes a schedule of payments, the Defendant agrees that: (1) the full amount of the fine or restitution is nonetheless due and owing immediately; (2) the schedule of payments is merely a minimum schedule of payments and not the only method, nor a limitation on the methods, available to the United States to enforce the judgment; and (3) the United States may fully employ all powers to collect on the total amount of the debt as provided by law. Until the debt is paid, the Defendant agrees to disclose all assets in which the Defendant has any interest or over which the Defendant exercises direct or indirect control. Until the money judgment is satisfied, the Defendant authorizes this Office to obtain a credit report in order to evaluate the Defendant's ability to pay, and to request and review the Defendant's federal and state income tax returns. The Defendant agrees to complete and sign a copy of IRS Form 8821 (relating to the voluntary disclosure of federal tax return information) and a financial statement in a form provided by this Office.

Waiver of Rights

- 4. The Defendant understands that by entering into this agreement, he surrenders certain rights as outlined below:
- a. If the Defendant had pled not guilty and persisted in that plea, the Defendant would have had the right to a speedy jury trial with the close assistance of competent counsel. That trial could be conducted by a judge, without a jury, if the Defendant, this Office, and the Court all agreed.
- b. If the Defendant elected a jury trial, the jury would be composed of twelve individuals selected from the community. Counsel and the Defendant would have the opportunity to challenge prospective jurors who demonstrated bias or who were otherwise unqualified, and would have the opportunity to strike a certain number of jurors peremptorily. All twelve jurors would have to agree unanimously before the Defendant could be found guilty of any count. The jury would be instructed that the Defendant was presumed to be innocent, and that presumption could be overcome only by proof beyond a reasonable doubt.
- c. If the Defendant went to trial, the Government would have the burden of proving the Defendant guilty beyond a reasonable doubt. The Defendant would have the right to confront and cross-examine the Government's witnesses. The Defendant would not have to present any defense witnesses or evidence whatsoever. If the Defendant wanted to call witnesses in defense, however, the Defendant would have the subpoena power of the Court to compel the witnesses to attend.

- d. The Defendant would have the right to testify in the Defendant's own defense if the Defendant so chose, and the Defendant would have the right to refuse to testify. If the Defendant chose not to testify, the Court could instruct the jury that they could not draw any adverse inference from the Defendant's decision not to testify.
- e. If the Defendant were found guilty after a trial, the Defendant would have the right to appeal the verdict and the Court's pretrial and trial decisions on the admissibility of evidence to see if any errors were committed which would require a new trial or dismissal of the charges. By pleading guilty, the Defendant knowingly gives up the right to appeal the verdict and the Court's decisions.
- f. By pleading guilty, the Defendant will be giving up all of these rights, except the right, under the limited circumstances set forth in the "Waiver of Appeal" paragraph below, to appeal the sentence. By pleading guilty, the Defendant understands that the Defendant may have to answer the Court's questions both about the rights being given up and about the facts of the case. Any statements that the Defendant makes during such a hearing would not be admissible against the Defendant during a trial except in a criminal proceeding for perjury or false statement.
- g. If the Court accepts the Defendant's plea of guilty, the Defendant will be giving up the right to file and have the Court rule on pretrial motions, and there will be no further trial or proceeding of any kind in the above-referenced criminal case, and the Court will find the Defendant guilty.
- h. By pleading guilty, the Defendant will also be giving up certain valuable civil rights and may be subject to deportation or other loss of immigration status, including possible denaturalization. The Defendant recognizes that if the Defendant is not a citizen of the United States, or is a naturalized citizen, pleading guilty may have consequences with respect to the Defendant's immigration status. Under federal law, conviction for a broad range of crimes can lead to adverse immigration consequences, including automatic removal from the United States. Removal and other immigration consequences are the subject of a separate proceeding, however, and the Defendant understands that no one, including the Defendant's attorney or the Court, can predict with certainty the effect of a conviction on immigration status. The Defendant is not relying on any promise or belief about the immigration consequences of pleading guilty. The Defendant nevertheless affirms that the Defendant wants to plead guilty regardless of any potential immigration consequences

Advisory Sentencing Guidelines Apply

5. The Defendant understands that the Court will determine a sentencing guidelines range for this case (henceforth the "advisory guidelines range") pursuant to the Sentencing Reform Act of 1984 at 18 U.S.C. § 3551-3742 (excepting 18 U.S.C. § 3553(b)(1) and 3742(e)) and 28 U.S.C. §§ 991 through 998. The Defendant further understands that the Court will impose a sentence pursuant to the Sentencing Reform Act, as excised, and must take into account the advisory guidelines range in establishing a reasonable sentence.

Factual and Advisory Guidelines Stipulation

6. This Office and the Defendant stipulate and agree to the Statement of Facts set forth in **Attachment A**, which is incorporated by reference herein.

Count One:

- a. This Office and the Defendant agree that the applicable base offense level is **14** pursuant to United States Sentencing Guidelines ("U.S.S.G.") § 2K2.1(a)(6) because the Defendant committed the offense with knowledge, intent, or reason to believe that the offense would result in the transfer of a firearm or ammunition to a prohibited person.
- b. This Office and the Defendant agree that there is a **4-level** increase in the base offense level pursuant to U.S.S.G. § 2K2.1(b)(1)(B) because the offense involved 8 to 24 firearms.

The adjusted offense level for Count One is, therefore, agreed to be 18.

Count Three:

- c. This Office and the Defendant agree that the applicable base offense level is 6 pursuant to United States Sentencing Guidelines ("U.S.S.G.") § 2B1.1(a)(2).
- d. This Office and the Defendant agree that there is a **2-level** increase in the base offense level pursuant to U.S.S.G. § 2B1.1(b)(1)(B) because the loss exceeded \$6,500.

The adjusted offense level for Count Three is, therefore, agreed to be **8**.

June JM

e. Grouping:

With respect to the multiple counts of conviction, Counts One and Three are not closely related counts and, therefore, do not group for purposes of calculating the base offense level, pursuant to U.S.S.G. § 3D1.2.

The combined offense level for Counts One and Three is 18, pursuant to U.S.S.G. §3D1.4(c).

f. Acceptance of Responsibility

This Office does not oppose a **2-level** reduction in the Defendant's adjusted offense level pursuant to U.S.S.G. § 3E1.1(a), based upon the Defendant's prompt recognition and affirmative acceptance of personal responsibility for the Defendant's criminal conduct. This Office agrees to make a motion pursuant to U.S.S.G. § 3E1.1(b) for an additional **1-level** decrease in recognition of the Defendant's timely notification of the Defendant's intention to enter a plea of guilty. This Office may oppose any adjustment for acceptance of responsibility under U.S.S.G. § 3E1.1(a) and may decline to make a motion pursuant to U.S.S.G. § 3E1.1(b), if the Defendant: (i) fails to admit each and every item in the factual stipulation; (ii) denies involvement in the offense; (iii) gives

conflicting statements about the Defendant's involvement in the offense; (iv) is untruthful with the Court, this Office, or the United States Probation Office; (v) obstructs or attempts to obstruct justice prior to sentencing; (vi) engages in any criminal conduct between the date of this Agreement and the date of sentencing; (vii) attempts to withdraw the plea of guilty; or (viii) violates this Agreement in any way.

Based on the foregoing, the anticipated final adjusted offense level is 15.

- 7. The parties agree that the Defendant's criminal history level is **I**.
- 8. Other than as set forth above, no other offense characteristics, sentencing guidelines factors, potential departures or adjustments set forth in the United States Sentencing Guidelines are in dispute or will be raised in calculating the advisory guidelines range.

Rule 11(c)(1)(C) Plea

9. The parties stipulate and agree pursuant to Federal Rule of Criminal Procedure 11(c)(1)(C) that a sentence of 24 months' imprisonment as to Count One and 24 months' imprisonment as to Count Three, to run concurrent, in the custody of the Bureau of Prisons is the appropriate disposition of this case, taking into consideration the nature and circumstances of the offense, the Defendant's criminal history, and all of the other factors set forth in 18 U.S.C. § 3553(a). This Agreement does not affect the Court's discretion to impose any lawful term of supervised release or fine, or to set any lawful conditions of probation or supervised release. In the event that the Court rejects this Agreement, except under the circumstances noted below, either party may elect to declare the Agreement null and void. Should the Defendant so elect, the Defendant will be afforded the opportunity to withdraw his plea pursuant to the provisions of Federal Rule of Criminal Procedure 11(c)(5). The parties agree that, if the Court finds that the Defendant engaged in obstructive or unlawful behavior and/or failed to acknowledge personal responsibility as set forth herein, neither the Court nor the Government will be bound by the specific sentence contained in this Agreement, and the Defendant will not be able to withdraw his plea.

Obligations of the Parties

10. At the time of sentencing, this Office and the Defendant will recommend a sentence of 24 months' imprisonment as to Count One and 24 months' imprisonment as to Count Three, to run concurrent. The parties may advocate for any period of supervised release and/or fine considering any appropriate factors under 18 U.S.C. § 3553(a). This Office reserves the right to bring to the Court's attention all information with respect to the Defendant's background, character, and conduct that this Office deems relevant to sentencing, including the conduct that is the subject of any counts of the Indictment. At the time of sentencing, this Office will move to dismiss any open counts against the Defendant.

Waiver of Appeal

11. In exchange for the concessions made by this Office and the Defendant in this Agreement, this Office and the Defendant waive their rights to appeal as follows:

- a. The Defendant knowingly waives all right, pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1291 or any other statute or constitutional provision, to appeal the Defendant's conviction on any ground whatsoever. This includes a waiver of all right to appeal the Defendant's conviction on the ground that the statute(s) to which the Defendant is pleading guilty is unconstitutional, or on the ground that the admitted conduct does not fall within the scope of the statute(s), to the extent that such challenges legally can be waived.
- b. The Defendant and this Office knowingly and expressly waive all rights conferred by 18 U.S.C. § 3742 to appeal whatever sentence is imposed (including any term of imprisonment, fine, term of supervised release, or order of restitution) for any reason (including the establishment of the advisory sentencing guidelines range, the determination of the Defendant's criminal history, the weighing of the sentencing factors, and any constitutional challenges to the calculation and imposition of any term of imprisonment, fine, order of forfeiture, order of restitution, and term or condition of supervised release), except as follows:
- i. The Defendant reserves the right to appeal the sentence of imprisonment if the total term of imprisonment exceeds **24 months**; and
- ii. This Office reserves the right to appeal the sentence of imprisonment if the total term of imprisonment is less than **24 months**.
- c. The Defendant waives any and all rights under the Freedom of Information Act relating to the investigation and prosecution of the above-captioned matter and agrees not to file any request for documents from this Office or any investigating agency.

Forfeiture

- 12. The Defendant understands that the Court may enter an Order of Forfeiture as part of the Defendant's sentence, and that the Order of Forfeiture may include assets directly traceable to the offense, substitute assets, and/or a money judgment equal to the value of the property derived from, or otherwise involved in, the offenses.
- 13. Specifically, but without limitation on the Government's right to forfeit all property subject to forfeiture as permitted by law, the Defendant agrees to forfeit to the United States all of the Defendant's right, title, and interest in the following items that the Defendant agrees constitute money, property, and/or assets derived from or obtained by the Defendant as a result of, or used to facilitate the commission of, the Defendant's illegal activities: a Smith and Wesson SD40VE .40 caliber pistol, bearing serial number FDF4894, and a Smith and Wesson M&P40 Shield .40 caliber pistol, bearing serial number HRF2454.
- 14. The Defendant agrees to consent to the entry of orders of forfeiture for the property described herein and waives the requirements of Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure 11(b)(1)(J), 32.2, and 43(a) regarding notice of the forfeiture in the charging instrument, advice regarding forfeiture during the change of plea hearing, announcement of the forfeiture at sentencing, and incorporation of the forfeiture in the judgment.

- 15. The Defendant agrees to assist fully in the forfeiture of the above property. The Defendant agrees to disclose all assets and sources of income, to consent to all requests for access to information related to assets and income, and to take all steps necessary to pass clear title to the forfeited assets to the United States, including executing all documents necessary to transfer such title, assisting in bringing any assets located outside of the United States within the jurisdiction of the United States, and taking whatever steps are necessary to ensure that assets subject to forfeiture are made available for forfeiture.
- 16. The Defendant waives all challenges to any forfeiture carried out in accordance with this Agreement on any grounds, including any and all constitutional, legal, equitable, statutory, or administrative grounds brought by any means, including through direct appeal, habeas corpus petition, or civil complaint. The Defendant will not challenge or seek review of any civil or administrative forfeiture of any property subject to forfeiture under this Agreement and will not assist any third party with any challenge or review or any petition for remission of forfeiture.

Defendant's Conduct Prior to Sentencing and Breach

- 17. Between now and the date of the sentencing, the Defendant will not engage in conduct that constitutes obstruction of justice under U.S.S.G. § 3C1.1; will not violate any federal, state, or local law; will acknowledge guilt to the probation officer and the Court; will be truthful in any statement to the Court, this Office, law enforcement agents, and probation officers; will cooperate in the preparation of the presentence report; and will not move to withdraw from the plea of guilty or from this Agreement.
- 18. If the Defendant engages in conduct prior to sentencing that violates the above paragraph of this Agreement, and the Court finds a violation by a preponderance of the evidence, then: (i) this Office will be free from its obligations under this Agreement; (ii) this Office may make sentencing arguments and recommendations different from those set out in this Agreement, even if the Agreement was reached pursuant to Rule 11(c)(1)(C); and (iii) in any criminal or civil proceeding, this Office will be free to use against the Defendant all statements made by the Defendant and any of the information or materials provided by the Defendant, including statements, information, and materials provided pursuant to this Agreement, and statements made during proceedings before the Court pursuant to Rule 11 of the Federal Rules of Criminal Procedure. A determination that this Office is released from its obligations under this Agreement will not permit the Defendant to withdraw the guilty plea. The Defendant acknowledges that the Defendant may not withdraw the Defendant's guilty plea-even if made pursuant to Rule 11(c)(1)(C)—if the Court finds that the Defendant breached the Agreement. In that event, neither the Court nor the Government will be bound by the specific sentence or sentencing range agreed and stipulated to herein pursuant to Rule 11(c)(1)(C).

Court Not a Party

19. The Court is not a party to this Agreement. The sentence to be imposed is within the sole discretion of the Court. The Court is not bound by the Sentencing Guidelines stipulation in this Agreement. The Court will determine the facts relevant to sentencing. The Court is not required to accept any recommendation or stipulation of the parties. The Court has the power to impose a sentence up to the maximum penalty allowed by law. In the event the Court rejects this

Rule 11(c)(1)(C) plea agreement, pursuant to Rule 11(c)(5)(C), the Defendant will be informed that he may withdraw his plea. If he persists in the guilty plea thereafter, the Defendant understands that the disposition of the case may be less favorable than that contemplated by this agreement. Neither the prosecutor, defense counsel, nor the Court can make a binding prediction, promise, or representation as to what guidelines range or sentence the Defendant will receive. The Defendant agrees that no one has made such a binding prediction or promise.

Entire Agreement

20. This letter supersedes any prior understandings, promises, or conditions between this Office and the Defendant and, together with the Sealed Supplement, constitutes the complete plea agreement in this case. The Defendant acknowledges that there are no other agreements, promises, undertakings or understandings between the Defendant and this Office other than those set forth in this letter and the Sealed Supplement and none will be entered into unless in writing, signed by all parties, and approved by the Court.

If the Defendant fully accepts each and every term and condition of this agreement, please sign and have the Defendant sign the original and return it to me promptly.

Very truly yours,

Erek L. Barron United States Attorney

By:

Jonathan S. Tsuei

Special Assistant United States Attorney

I have read this agreement, including the Sealed Supplement, and carefully reviewed every part of it with my attorney. I understand it, and I voluntarily agree to it. Specifically, I have reviewed the Factual and Advisory Guidelines Stipulation with my attorney, and I do not wish to change any part of it. I am completely satisfied with the representation of my attorney.

Date

Jamel McDonald

I am the Defendant's attorney. I have carefully reviewed every part of this agreement, including the Sealed Supplement, with the Defendant. The Defendant advises me that he understands and accepts its terms. To my knowledge, the Defendant's decision to enter into this Agreement is an informed and voluntary one.

Date

Julie Reamy, Esq.



ATTACHMENT A

STIPULATION OF FACTS

The undersigned parties stipulate and agree that if this case had proceeded to trial, this Office would have proven the following facts beyond a reasonable doubt. The undersigned parties also stipulate and agree that the following facts do not encompass all of the evidence that would have been presented had this matter proceeded to trial.

Defendant's False Statements in Connection with the Acquisition of Firearms

On May 13, 2021, the Defendant, Jamal McDonald, purchased four firearms from Tyler Firearms, LLC. Prior to purchasing the firearms, the Defendant filled out an ATF Form 4473, wherein the Defendant certified in writing, that he was the actual buyer/transferee of the firearms and was not acquiring any of the four purchased firearms on behalf of another person. One of the firearms purchased by the Defendant during that transaction and for which the Defendant certified that he was not acquiring on behalf of another individual was a **Smith & Wesson SD40VE .40** caliber pistol, bearing serial number FDF4894, which the Defendant subsequently sold to a prohibited individual, D.L. The Defendant agrees that at the time that he purchased the firearm he knew or had reasonable cause to believe that D.L. was prohibited from buying and possessing firearms due to D.L.'s prior criminal felony convictions.

On July 2, 2021, the Defendant purchased four firearms from Tyler Firearms, LLC. Prior to purchasing the firearms, the Defendant filled out an ATF Form 4473, wherein the Defendant certified in writing, that he was the actual buyer/transferee of the firearms and was not acquiring any of the four purchased firearms on behalf of another person. One of the firearms purchased by the Defendant during that transaction and for which the Defendant certified that he was not acquiring on behalf of another individual was a **Smith & Wesson M&P40 Shield .40 caliber pistol, bearing serial number HRF2454**, which the Defendant subsequently sold to D.R.

The Defendant stipulates and agrees that Tyler Firearms, LLC, is a federal firearms licensed dealer. The Defendant further agrees that on each of the above dates he knowingly made false or fictitious statements to Tyler Firearms, LLC, when he certified that he was the actual buyer/transferee of the firearms he was purchasing and that he was not acquiring any of the purchased firearms on behalf of another person. The Defendant further stipulates that he made those false or fictitious statements with the intent to deceive the firearms dealer and to conceal the fact that, in actuality, he was acquiring the **Smith & Wesson SD40VE .40 caliber pistol, bearing serial number FDF4894**, purchased on May 13, 2021, on behalf of D.L., and he was acquiring the **Smith & Wesson M&P40 Shield .40 caliber pistol, bearing serial number HRF2454**, purchased on July 2, 2021, on behalf of D.R.

The Defendant further stipulates that the Smith & Wesson SD40VE .40 caliber pistol, bearing serial number FDF4894, and the Smith & Wesson M&P40 Shield .40 caliber pistol, bearing serial number HRF2454, are operable firearms, thereby meeting the definition of a firearm pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 921, and further admits that his offenses involved 8 to 24 firearms in total.

Defendant's Interstate Transportation of a Stolen Motor Vehicle on May 4-5, 2022.

On May 4, 2022, an individual called the Pembroke Pines Police Department in Florida to report a stolen 2009 Nissan Altima, vehicle identification number ("VIN") ending in 200878, bearing Florida license plate number 17AXKU. The Defendant contacted the victim about a black 2009 Nissan Altima that the victim had listed for sale on Facebook Marketplace. The individual and the Defendant arranged to meet in a restaurant parking lot to conduct the sale of the vehicle. The Defendant arrived at the restaurant parking lot in a white Ford Mustang with Florida license plate 07AWET.

During the parking lot exchange, the Defendant asked the victim if he could take the vehicle for a test drive before purchasing it. The individual agreed and the Defendant departed the parking lot with the vehicle at approximately 6:30 p.m. the Defendant never returned to the parking lot with the vehicle and the individual subsequently contacted police.

Officers from the Pembroke Pines Police Department issued a lookout for the Defendant and the stolen vehicle. In addition, the responding officers contacted the registered owner of the white Ford Mustang—the vehicle that the Defendant was observed driving when he arrived at the parking lot exchange with the victim—who explained that the Defendant rented the Mustang for one day for \$500. The registered owner of the white Ford Mustang provided a photo of the Defendant standing next to the rented vehicle while holding his driver's license.

Further information gathered by investigators from license plate readers through the software Vigilant and license plate inquiries through the Maryland Coordinated Analysis Center (MCAC) revealed that the stolen vehicle was in South Carolina driving north on Interstate I-85 in the direction of Baltimore, Maryland on May 5, 2022, and was traveling within Baltimore and the surrounding area between May 5 and May 12, 2022.

On May 12, 2022, at approximately 3:46 p.m., officers from the Baltimore County Police Department responded to the Woodlawn Cemetery in Baltimore, Maryland. When they arrived, they found the stolen black Nissan Altima on fire. The fire was extinguished and BCPD officers located partial Florida license plate from the vehicle. Officers then inspected the vehicle and found two firearms inside the engine compartment, which was undamaged by the fire. Subsequent investigation revealed that the two firearms found in the burned vehicle were purchased on February 16, 2022 from Tyler Firearms by T.G., who is the Defendant's girlfriend and the mother of his minor children.

The Defendant admits that on May 4 through May 5, 2022, he unlawfully transported a stolen motor vehicle, that is, the 2009 black Nissan Altima, VIN ending in 200878, bearing Florida license plates 17AXKU, from the State of Florida to the State of Maryland, and that he knew that the vehicle was stolen when he transported it in interstate commerce.

All the above-described events took place in the District of Maryland.

SO STIPULATED:

Case 1:22-cr-00307-RDB Document 16 Filed 03/20/23 Page 12 of 12

Jonathan S. Tsuei

Special Assistant United States Attorney

Jamal McDonald

Defendant

Julie M. Reamy, Esq.

Counsel for Defendant